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You always start with Oracle Database 19c base release

• Oracle Database 19.3.0



Before upgrading, apply the most recent RU

Use the Patch Download Assistant MOS Note: 2118136.2













Selection(s)

What would you like to download?

- Oracle Database Base Releases
- Oracle Database Patchsets
- Oracle Database Updates (Versions 12.2 & higher)
- Oracle Database Update Revisions (Versions 12.2 & higher)
- Oracle Database PSU, SPU(CPU), Bundle Patches (Versions 12.1 & lower)
- OJVM Update/PSU/Bundle Patches
- Latest Available Microsoft Windows Patches

Solution(s)

Possible Solutions will appear once you make your selection.



Release Update Contents



Database 19 Release Updates and Revisions Bugs Fixed Lists (Doc ID 2523220.1)





You are missing out if you don't apply a recent Release Update

- Thousands of fixes
- 243 security fixes



Apply the most important patches

Always use Important Recommended One-Off Patches: MOS Note: 555.1

Recommended Patches for 19.18 DB Home

Below is the list of important patches to consider applying on top of 19.18. In addition to the relevant patches listed below, you should also review patches in Database PSU/BP/Update/Revision - Known Issues Primary Note(Doc ID 1227443.1) and <a href="Oracle Database Patches to Consider for 19c (Doc ID 2781612.2) which contains patches to consider for specific areas such as Data Pump, Golden gate etc.

Bug	Fixed in RU	Fixed in MRP	Description	Patches	NON ROLLING	Added	
35037877 (replaces 20289608)			[SECURITY] EM patching may fail with ORA-4067	[list- patches]	1 1	20- APR-2023	
32727143	19.19		[SQL EXECUTION] Transaction-level content isolation for transaction-duration global temporary tables	[list- patches]		20- APR-2023	
34557500 (replaces 31544097)	19.19	DBMRP 19.17.0.0.230321, DBMRP 19.18.0.0.230321	[BLOCK TRACK] CTWR caused multiple instances to hung state on the RAC Standby DB	[list- patches]		20- APR-2023	
34340632			[AQ] Smart Monitoring & Resiliency in AQ KGL Memory Usage To Help Message Cleanup And Prevent ORA-600 [KGL-HEAP-SIZE-EXCEEDED].	[list- patches]		14- APR-2023	
35246710 (replaces 33803836)	19.19	DBMRP 19.18.0.0.230418	[BUFFER CACHE] High "Direct Path Read" Waits After 19.18 DBRU Patching	[list- patches]		08- APR-2023	
34832725 (replaces			[SHRD CRSRS] ORA-4031 and / or High Shared Pool Latch Contention During Session Creation in	[list-		25- MAD 2022	



Monthly Recommended Patches

A collection of recommended one-off fixes provided at monthly intervals via a single downloadable patch



Timeline | Release Updates

	2021					2022				2023				2024		
	January	April	July	October	January	April	July	October	January	April	July	October	January	April	July	
19c	19.10.0	19.11.0	19.12.0	19.13.0	19.14.0	19.15.0	19.16.0	19.17.0	19.18.0	19.19.0	19.20.0	19.21.0	19.22.0	19.23.0	19.24.0	
21c		21.3.0	21.4.0	21.5.0	21.6.0	21.7.0	21.8.0	21.9.0	21.10.0	21.11.0	21.12.0	21.13.0	21.14.0	21.15.0		



Monthly Recommended Patches | Timeline

	2022			2023										
	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November
19.17.0	19.17.0	MRP1	MRP2	MRP3	MRP4	MRP5	MRP6							
19.18.0				19.18.0	MRP1	MRP2	MRP3	MRP4	MRP5	MRP6				
19.19.0							19.19.0	MRP1	MRP2	MRP3	MRP4	MRP5	MRP6	
19.20.0										19.20.0	MRP1	MRP2	MRP3	MRP4
19.21.0													19.21.0	MRP1





An MRP is a collection of several one-off patches

Delivered via a merge patch



An MRP does not change the release number

• Like v\$instance.version_full





MRPs are cumulative but only within one MRP line

 Example: 19.17.0 MRP5 contains all previous MRPs done for Oracle 19.17.0







MRPs may contain security fixes

 Release Updates remain the primary security fix delivery mechanism





Soon, MRPs may be available in OCI

Including ExaDB-C@C



MRP Facts | More Information

Introducing Monthly Recommended Patches (MRPs) and FAQ (Doc ID 2898740.1)

Patching News: RURs are gone - long live MRPs (Blog Post)

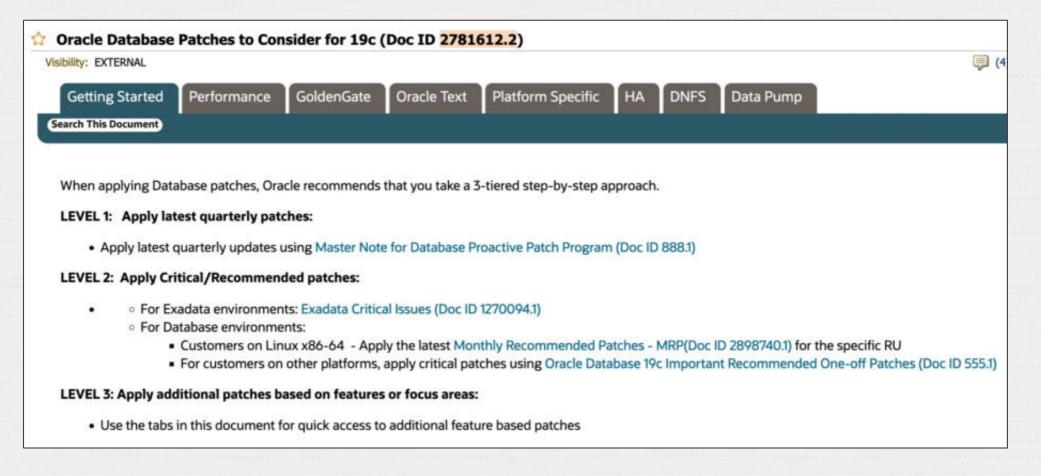
Oracle Database 19c Important Recommended One-off Patches (Doc ID 555.1)

Oracle Database Patch Maintenance



Before upgrading, apply the most important patches

In addition, use Patches to consider for 19c: MOS Note: 2781612.2





As of 19.18.0 Perl patches are included in Release Updates

• Consider patching JDK as well (Doc ID 2584628.1)





As of 19.18.0 time zone patches are included in Release Updates





Basic Facts | What Is In A Patch

FILES

New or changed executables, libs or files

```
bin/oracle
bin/srvctl
oracore/zoneinfo/timezone_34.dat
```

Apply and rollback scripts

```
sqlpatch/.../nnn_apply.sql
sqlpatch/.../nnn_rollback.sql
```

SQL PL/SQL

New or changed objects

```
alter table sys.tab$ ...
create index sys.i_tab1 ...
create or replace package sys.dbms_scheduler ...
```

Basic Facts | How To Apply A Patch

\$ORACLE HOME/OPatch

```
-rwxr-x---. 1 oracle dba
                          589 Apr 22
                                      2020 datapatch
-rwxr-x---. 1 oracle dba 49462 Apr 22
                                      2020 opatch
```



Basic Facts | How To Apply A Patch

opatch



Applies binaries to an Oracle Home

All instances are down

datapatch



Applies SQL and PL/SQL changes to a database

Database is up

Basic Facts | What's Installed

What is installed in my Oracle Home?

OPatch

```
$ opatch lsinventory
$ opatch lspatches
```

DBMS_QOPATCH

```
SQL> select xmltransform(dbms_qopatch.get_opatch_lsinventory, dbms_qopatch.get_opatch_xslt) from dual; 
Oracle Database 12.1: FAQ on Queryable Patch Inventory (Doc ID 1530108.1)
```

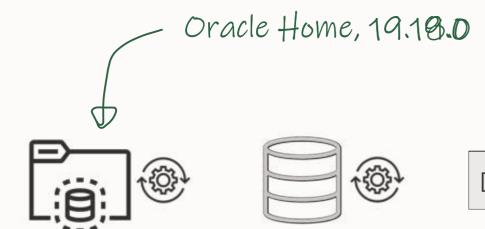
What is installed in my database?

```
SQL> select * from dba_registry_sqlpatch;
SQL> select * from cdb_registry_sqlpatch;
```





Patching Concepts | In-Place Patching



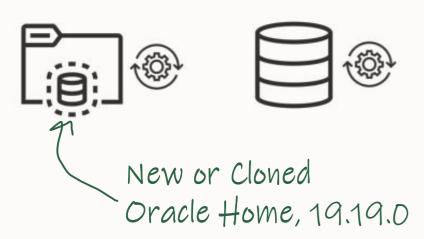
[oracle]\$ \$ORACLE_HOME/OPatch/datapatch -verbose



Patching Concepts | Out-of-Place Patching



SQL> SHUTDOWN IMMEDIATE



[oracle]\$ \$ORACLE_HOME/OPatch/datapatch -verbose





When patching your production Oracle GI/DB installations, which method do you use?

In-Place = Current ORACLE_HOME
Out-Of-Place = New ORACLE_HOME

If you don't look after have production kit, then don't answer.

In-Place 55.4%

Out-Of-Place 44.6%

<u>Twitter</u>





Always patch out-of-place



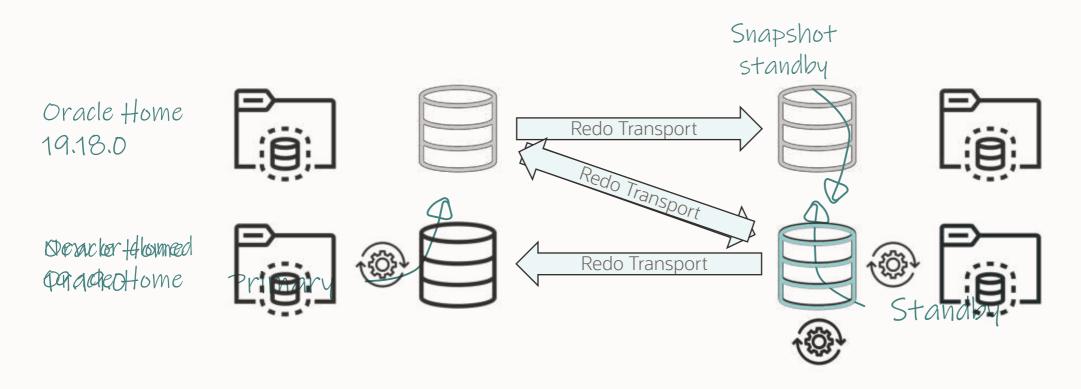


Safely test and verify patches with Standby-First Patch Apply

 Oracle Patch Assurance - Data Guard Standby-First Patch Apply (Doc ID 1265700.1)



Patching Concepts | Standby-First Patch Apply



[oracle]\$ \$ORACLE_HOME/OPatch/datapatch -verbose





The patch must be marked as Standby-First Installable

• Check the patch readme





Execute Datapatch on primary database

• Execute as quickly as possible when all databases are running on the new Oracle Home





Additional restrictions apply

 For details, check <u>Oracle Patch Assurance - Data Guard</u> <u>Standby-First Patch Apply (Doc ID 1265700.1)</u>

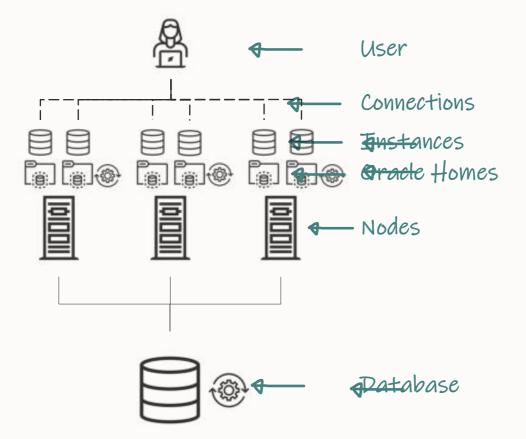




Avoid downtime with RAC Rolling Patching



Patching Concepts | RAC Rolling



\$ \$ORACLE_HOME/OPatch/opatchauto

- Clone Oracle Home
- Patch Oracle Home
- Move to new Oracle Home
- Execute datapatch



RAC Rolling Patching | Best Practices

Keep Gl and DB patch level in sync

- This is what we test
- This is how we run our cloud

Supported, but not recommended, combinations

- Grid Infrastructure home = 19.14.0
- Database home = 19.16.0
- Grid Infrastructure home = 19.18.0
- Database home = 19.14.0
- Node 1 Grid Infrastructure home = 19.14.0
- Node 2 Grid Infrastructure home = 19.17.0
- Patching node 1 on Monday, then patching node 2 on another day
- Operating a cluster with different Oracle versions of either Grid Infrastructure and/or Database homes on each of the nodes



Can I delay or omit applying patches to a subset of instances/nodes in an Oracle RAC cluster?

No. All patching operations should be completed on all Oracle Real Application Clusters (RAC) instances as quickly as possible. When applying patches to an Oracle Grid Infrastructure or Oracle Database home, these patches must be made effective as soon as possible, ideally within 24 hours. Rolling patching of RAC clusters with the draining of connections is a recommended and well-tested process. However, running mixed patch levels inherently brings more risk, and testing any given patches in a mixed manner will be less robust than trying a uniform set of patches across the cluster. Running with a mix of patches across a cluster for an extended time increases the risk of exposure to untested corner cases impacting system stability, scalability, and potential availability. Additionally, some functionality is restricted during rolling patching.

RAC: Frequently Asked Questions (RAC FAQ) (Doc ID 220970.1)



Release updates are always:



Standby-First installable



RAC Rolling installable

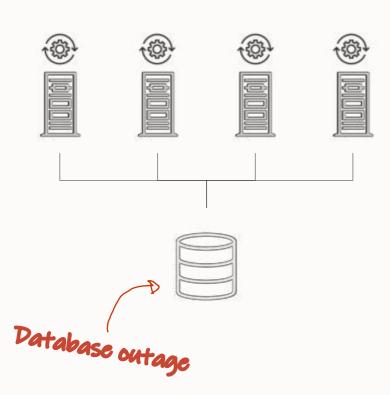






The following patching concepts apply to Oracle Database patching as well



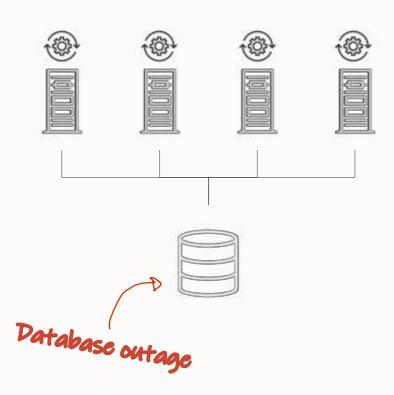


ALL NODE

- All nodes patched at one time
- One long database outage
- Works for all patches, including non-rolling
- Cluster at full capacity except for outage





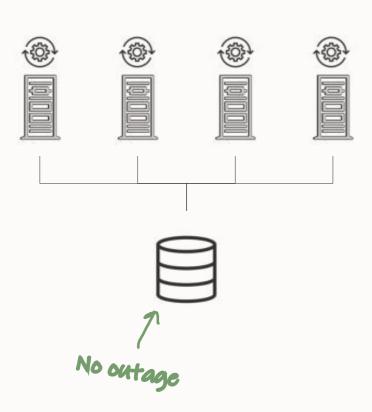


MINIMUM DOWNTIME

- Nodes patched in two batches
- One short database outage
- Works for all patches, including non-rolling
- Other nodes must handle workload while another batch is patched

Rolling Patch - OPatch Support for RAC (Doc ID 244241.1)



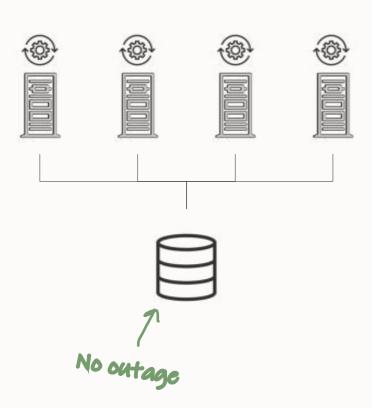


ROLLING

- Each node patched separately
- No database outage
- Patch must be RAC rolling installable
- Other nodes must handle workload while one node is patched

Rolling Patch - OPatch Support for RAC (Doc ID 244241.1)





ROLLING IN GROUPS

- Patch a subset together
- Useful when draining is a problem
- No database outage
- Patch must be RAC rolling installable
- Other nodes must handle workload while one node is patched

Rolling Patch - OPatch Support for RAC (Doc ID 244241.1)





Rolling installation of patches is preferred, but requires effective draining

• Optionally, consider a batched approach



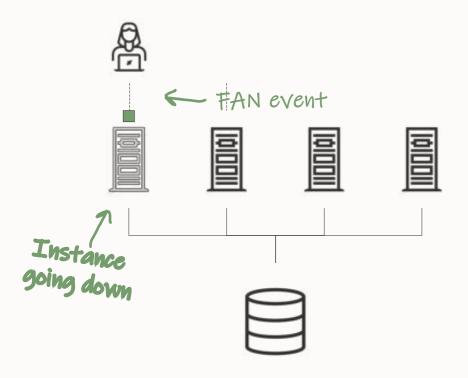


Complete a rolling patch installation as quickly as possible

- Ideally within 24 hours
- Certain functionality during the rolling patch installation



Grid Infrastructure | Draining



DRAINING

- Allows users to finish their work and reconnect to another instance
- New sessions connect to other instances
- Sessions that don't drain in time are forcefully terminated
- Controlled by drain_timeout parameter in <u>srvctl</u> and <u>DBMS_SERVICE</u>





Setting drain_timeout very low may cause a login storm

• Exercise caution on databases with many connections





Setting drain_timeout very high may be risky

- Load is spread on fewer instances
- Cluster is in ROLLING PATCH state for an extended period

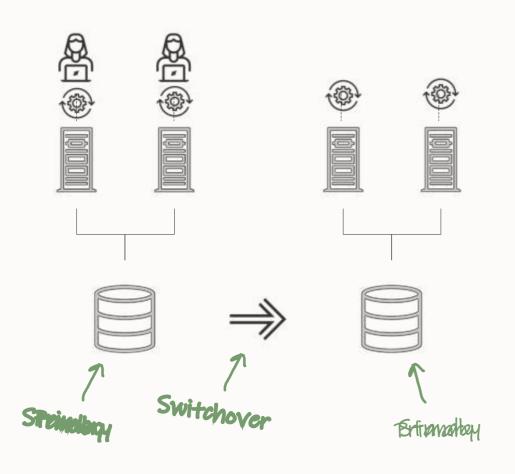


Comply with Maximum Availability Architecture

• <u>Continuous Availability - MAA Checklist for Applications for the Oracle Database</u>



Grid Infrastructure | Data Guard



ALTERNATIVE

- If draining is a problem
- Downtime limited to a switchover
- Test your Data Guard configuration



Data Guard | Additional Information



INTERVIEW WITH LUDOVICO CALDERA

Ludovico is Data Guard Product Manager and he shares his top tips for patching Oracle Grid Infrastructure and Data Guard

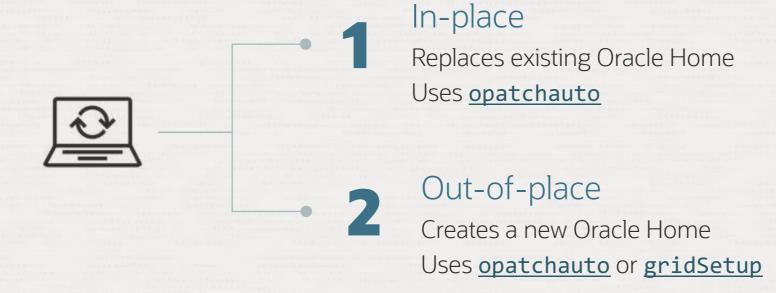


PATCHING ORACLE GRID INFRASTRUCTURE AND ORACLE DATA GUARD

Blog post with additional details plus instructions on how to patch GI and database at the same time when you have Data Guard



Patching Methods







Use out-of-place patching

- Minimize downtime
- Minimize risk during outage
- Easier rollback



Patching Grid Infrastructure and Database

Option 1

TOGETHER

One maintenance window

Longer window

Several changes

Option 2

SEPARATELY

Two maintenance windows

Shorter, but more windows

One change at a time

Keep maintenance windows close to each other



PATCHING SUCCESS

Cluster Verification Utility

Patch Level

Application Continuity

OPatch

Use <u>CVU</u> before and after patching

Preferably through <u>EXAchk</u> or <u>ORAchk</u>

Identifies potential issues

Light-weight, non-intrusive

Always use the latest version



PATCHING SUCCESS

Cluster Verification Utility

Patch Level

Application Continuity

OPatch

Apply patches regularly

Apply recent Release Updates

Apply MRPs

Keep GI and DB patch levels in sync



PATCHING SUCCESS

Cluster Verification Utility

Patch Level

Application Continuity

OPatch

Completely <u>hide interruptions from users</u>

Hides planned and unplanned events

Comply with MAA guidelines

See also <u>Transparent Application Continuity</u>



PATCHING SUCCESS

Cluster Verification Utility

Patch Level

Application Continuity

OPatch

Always use the <u>latest version of OPatch</u>

Use in GI and DB homes







Always use the latest OPatch



- Download Patch 6880880
- MOS Note: 274526.1
- Why should you use the most recent version of OPATCH?



If OPatch takes too long, use out-of-place patching with a brand-new Oracle Home

Avoid cloned Oracle Homes and in-place patching





Reusing Oracle Home leads to:

- Disk footprint increases
- Patching runtime increases

Patching Performance

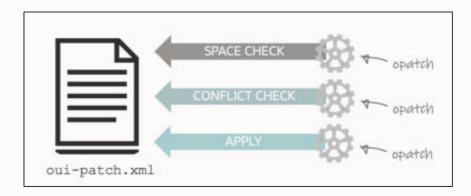
Root cause for long opatch runtime

opatch maintains an ever-growing patch history in
\$ORACLE_HOME/inventory/ContentsXML/oui-patch.xml

This file gets queried multiple times and can delay patching massively

Solution

Clean up available since opatch 37 opatch util deleteinactivepatches



Patching Performance | Clean up

Original oui-patch.xml with 12 RUs

1001 lines

- Space check: 5:29 min
- Conflict check: 5:26 min
- Check during apply: 5:29 min
- Raw patch apply: 3:58 min
- Total time taken: 19:22 min

Cleaned oui-patch.xml with only 2 RUs

- 136 lines
 - Space check: 0:09 min
 - Conflict check: 0:08 min
 - Check during apply: 0:12 min
 - Raw patch apply: 3:51 min
 - Total time taken: 4:20 min



1

Unzip new Oracle Home

Download base release from oracle.com

2

Update OPatch

Download from Oracle Support

3

Install Oracle Home and patches

Attach Oracle Home and apply patches in one operation ./runInstaller -applyRU ... -applyOneOffs ...

Check blog post for details



Patching a Database





1

Start database in new Oracle Home

Start in normal open Open all PDBs 2

Complete patching with datapatch

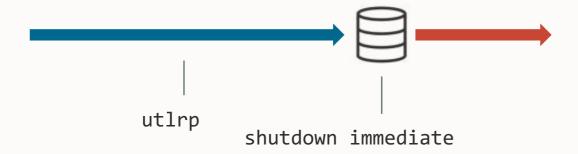
Found in \$ORACLE_HOME/OPatch
One database per invocation
Multiple datapatch sessions in parallel
Datapatch User Guide (Doc ID 2680521.1)





Recompile invalid objects before invoking datapatch





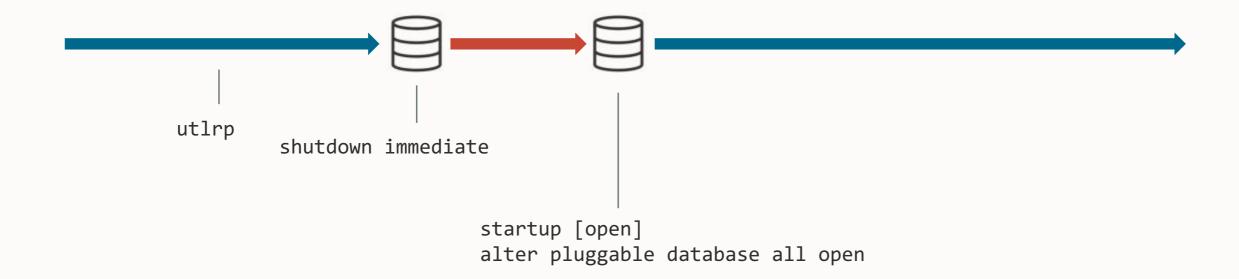




The database must be open Only open PDBs are patched

• Upgrade mode or restricted session is **not** needed









You can run datapatch while users are connected to the database

Details in <u>blog post</u>

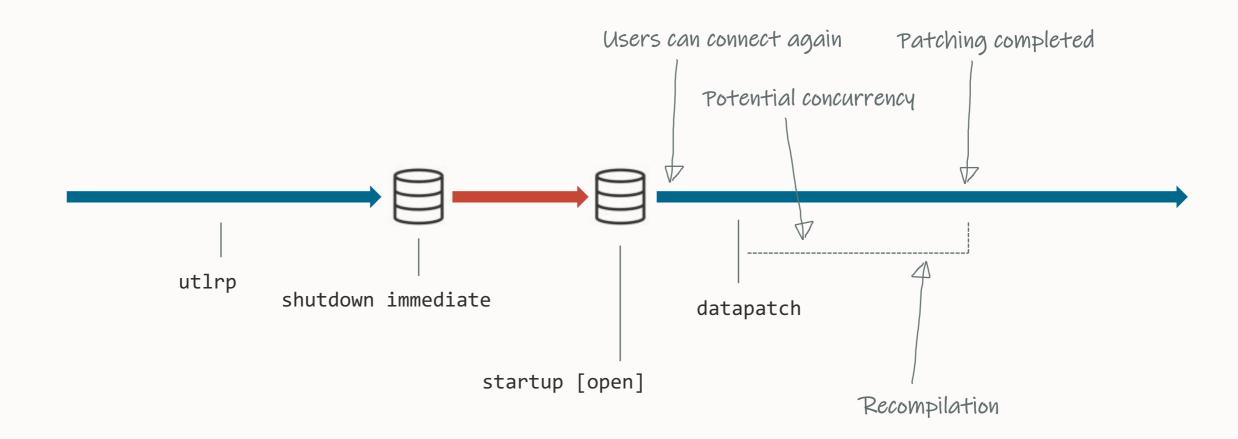




Stop Oracle GoldenGate while you are running datapatch

Recommendation





Concurrency

- Datapatch waits 15 min to acquire a lock
 - On timeout, ORA-04021 timeout occurred while waiting to lock object
- Optionally, find blocking session and kill it
 - How to Analyze Library Cache Timeout with Associated: ORA-04021 'timeout occurred while waiting to lock object %s%s%s%s%s.' Errors (Doc ID 1486712.1)
- Timeout period controlled by _kgl_time_to_wait_for_locks
 - Use under guidance of Oracle Support



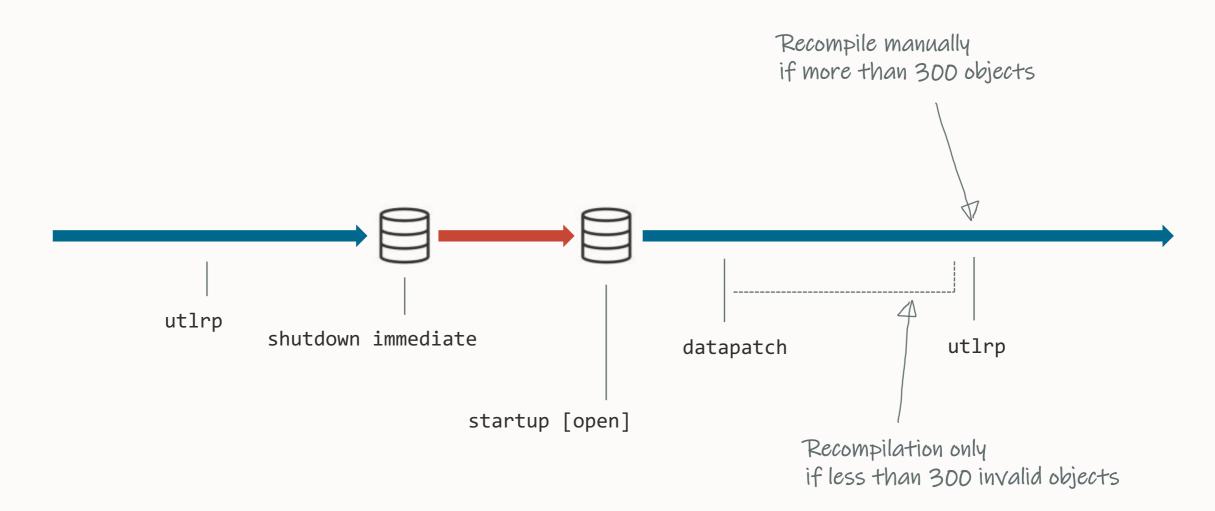
Datapatch uses **REGISTRY\$SQLPATCH** to control the patching operations



Recompilation

- Datapatch recompiles objects invalidated during patching
- If more than 300 objects are invalidated no recompilation takes places
 - Recompile manually
 - Or, objects will be recompiled on usage
- Adjust the threshold datapatch ... -recomp_threshold 300
- Consider recompiling invalid objects after patching





```
$ pwd
/u01/app/oracle/cfgtoollogs/sqlpatch/sqlpatch_485_2022_01_19_22_13_40

$ grep "recomp_threshold" *catcon* -A1

[CDB$ROOT] Invalid ORACLE_MAINTAINED objects: before patching=0, after patching=0, recomp_threshold=300
[CDB$ROOT] All ORACLE_MAINTAINED objects are VALID, recompilation not needed.
[PDB$SEED] Invalid ORACLE_MAINTAINED objects: before patching=0, after patching=0, recomp_threshold=300
[PDB$SEED] All ORACLE_MAINTAINED objects are VALID, recompilation not needed.
```

```
$ pwd
/u01/app/oracle/cfgtoollogs/sqlpatch/sqlpatch_485_2022_01_19_22_13_40
```

```
$ grep "recomp_threshold" *catcon* -A1
```

[CDB\$ROOT] Invalid ORACLE_MAINTAINED objects: before patching=0, after patching=0, recomp_threshold=300 [CDB\$ROOT] All ORACLE_MAINTAINED objects are VALID, recompilation not needed.

[PDB\$SEED] Invalid ORACLE_MAINTAINED objects: before patching=0, after patching=0, recomp_threshold=300 [PDB\$SEED] All ORACLE MAINTAINED objects are VALID, recompilation not needed.

\$ORACLE_HOME/OPatch/datapatch



\$ORACLE_HOME/sqlpatch/sqlpatch



\$ORACLE_HOME/sqlpatch/sqlpatch.pl

```
use strict;
use Getopt::Long;
use sqlpatch.pm
```

Datapatch | Patch Apply Sequence

datapatch ⇒ 1

2



Java patches

Bundle patches

One-off patches



Datapatch | Patch Rollback and Apply Queue

Binary Registry after opatch:

Patch 444 – Java Patch

Patch 555 – Bundle Patch

Patch 666 – One-off Patch

SQL Registry before datapatch:

Patch 111 – Java Patch

Patch 222 – Bundle Patch

Patch 333 – One-off Patch

datapatch queue

Rollback:

Apply:

Rollback:

Cumulative:

\$./datapatch

Patch 222 to 555 – Bundle Patch

Apply:



Datapatch | Rollback Script

```
Apply/rollback scripts:

$ORACLE_HOME/sqlpatch/.../nnn_apply.sql
$ORACLE_HOME/sqlpatch/.../nnn_rollback.sql
```



Rollback scripts (zipped as BLOB): SELECT PATCH_DIRECTORY FROM REGISTRY\$SQLPATCH





Less components, Faster patching

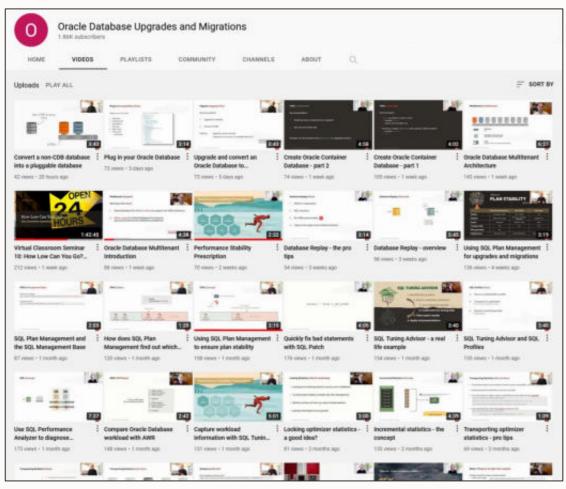
Typical candidates:

- JAVAVM
- ORDIM
- SDO





YouTube | Oracle Database Upgrades and Migrations



- 300+ videos
- New videos every week
- No marketing
- No buzzword
- All tech







